Introductory Statistics (IS) / Elementary Statistics (ES): Chapter 1 Form A Exam

Name $\qquad$

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

## Provide an appropriate response.

1) The table below shows the number of new AIDS cases in the U.S. in each of the years 1989-1994.

| Year | New AIDS cases |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1989 | 33,643 |
| 1990 | 41,761 |
| 1991 | 43,771 |
| 1992 | 45,961 |
| 1993 | 103,463 |
| 1994 | 61,301 |

Classify the study as either descriptive or inferential.

## Answer the question.

2) A magazine publisher always mails out a questionnaire six months before a subscription ends. This questionnaire asks its subscribers if they are going to renew their subscriptions. On average, only $7 \%$ of the subscribers respond to the questionnaire. Of the $7 \%$ who do respond, an average of $47 \%$ say that they will renew their subscription. This $7 \%$ who respond to the questionnaire are known as what?

Identify the study as an observational study or a designed experiment.
3) An educational researcher used school records to determine that, in one school district, $84 \%$ of children living in two-parent homes graduated high school while $75 \%$ of children living in single-parent homes graduated high school.

## Provide an appropriate response.

4) Why do statisticians sometimes use inferential statistics to draw conclusions about a population? In what situations might a statistician draw conclusions about a population using descriptive statistics only?

## Identify the study as an observational study or a designed experiment.

5) A clinic gives a drug to a group of ten patients and a placebo to another group of ten patients to find out if the drug has an effect on the patients' illness.

## List all possible samples from the specified population.

6) The six members of a board of directors are Sam (S), Laurie (L), Peggy (P), Jorges (J), Max (M), and Claude (C). Consider these board members to be a population of interest. List the 15 possible samples (without replacement) of size four from this population of six board members.

## Provide an appropriate response.

7) The finalists in an essay competition are Lisa (L), Melina (M), Ben (B),
8) Danny (D), Eric (E), and Joan (J). Consider these finalists to be a population of interest. The possible samples (without replacement) of size three that can be obtained from this population of six finalists are as follows.
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L,M,B L,M,D L,M,E L,M,J L,B,D L,B,E
L,B,J L,D,E L,D,J L,E,J M,B,D M,B,E
M,B,J M,D,E M,D,J M,E,J B,D,E B,D,J
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If a simple random sampling method is used to obtain a sample of three of the finalists, what are the chances of selecting Ben, Danny, and Joan?

## Use the random number table in Appendix A to obtain the required list of random numbers.

8) A company employs 5382 people and wishes to interview a random
9) sample of 14 of them with regard to the company's health insurance policy. Construct a list of 14 random numbers between 1 and 5382 that can be used in obtaining the required simple random sample. Use the random number table and use as your starting point the digits 0691 in row 3, columns 30-33.

## Provide an appropriate response.

9) A political researcher wishes to gauge political sentiment regarding a proposed tax cut. He obtains a list of 1000 email addresses from an internet provider, uses a random number table to select a random sample of 100 of these addresses, emails the people in the sample and requests that they respond to his questions by email. Do you think that the group of people who respond is likely to be representative of all registered voters? Explain your answer.
10) True or false? In simple random sampling, each possible sample is equally likely to be the one obtained.
11) From a group of 496 students, every 49th student starting with the 3rd student is selected. Identify the type of sampling used in this example.
12) Describe the steps involved when using stratified random sampling with proportional allocation. What are the advantages of this sampling method?

## A designed experiment is described. Identify the specified element of the experiment.

13) In a clinical trial, 780 participants suffering from high blood pressure were randomly assigned to one of three groups. Over a one-month period, the first group received a low dosage of an experimental drug, the second group received a high dosage of the drug, and the third group received a placebo. The diastolic blood pressure of each participant was measured at the beginning and at the end of the period and the change in blood pressure was recorded. Identify the response variable.
14) An education researcher was interested in examining the effect of the teaching method and the effect of the particular teacher on students' scores on a reading test. In a study, there are four different teachers (Juliana, Felix, Sonia, and Helen) and three different teaching methods (method A, method B, and method C). The number of students participating in the study is 258 . Students are randomly assigned to a teaching method and teacher. Identify the experimental units (subjects).

## Provide an appropriate response.

15) In a designed experiment, explain the difference between the treatments and the factors.
16) 
17) 
18) $\qquad$
