

## Test Canvas: Test Bank

Description  
 Instructions  
 Total Questions 80  
 Total Points 800

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**1. True/False: A business model is managers' co...**

Points: **10**

Question

A business model is managers' conception of how the set of strategies their company pursues should mesh together into a congruent whole, thus enabling the company to gain a competitive advantage and achieve superior profitability and profit growth.

Answer

True  
 False

**2. Multiple Choice: A company's mission**

Points: **10**

Question

A company's mission

Answer

- lays out the desired future state of the company.
- outlines the manner in which employees and managers should conduct themselves.
- defines the manner in which strategies will be developed and attained.
- describes what the company does.
- answers the question, "What will our business become?"

**3. Multiple Choice: A competitive advantage is considered...**

Points: **10**

Question

A competitive advantage is considered to be a sustained competitive advantage when the

Answer

- advantage endures for a number of years.
- firm is able to spread the advantage to all of its business units.
- advantage is very large.
- advantage was gained at a low cost.
- managers who developed the advantage are still employed at the firm.

**4. Multiple Choice: A component of strategy implementatio...**

Points: **10**

Question

A component of strategy implementation is

Answer

- designing the best organization structure, culture, and control systems to put a strategy into action.
- enumerating the number and kind of periodic reports that must be submitted by functional-level managers.
- analyzing the macroeconomic environment of the company.
- answering the question, "What is our business?"
- all of these choices.

**5. True/False: A firm obtains competitive advantage ...**

Points: **10**

Question

A firm obtains competitive advantage when its strategy results in superior performance relative to its competitors.

Answer

True  
 False

**6. True/False: A strategy can be defined as a set of...**

Points: **10**

**Question** A strategy can be defined as a set of related actions that managers take to increase their company's performance.

**Answer**  True  
 False

**7. Multiple Choice: A sustained competitive advantage**

Points: **10**

**Question** A sustained competitive advantage

**Answer**  enables a company to maintain above-average projects for a number of years.  
 cannot be maintained for more than three years.  
 is seldom possible in today's highly competitive environment.  
 typically arises out of unforeseen economic events.  
 A and D.

**8. Multiple Choice: Aaron planned to cut prices at his bi...**

Points: **10**

**Question** Aaron planned to cut prices at his bicycle shop, but when a competing shop began to offer free repairs, Aaron decided to copy them. Aaron's new strategy (offer free repairs) is an example of a(n)

**Answer**  mistake.  
 emergent strategy.  
 deliberate strategy.  
 intended strategy.  
 unrealized strategy.

**9. Multiple Choice: An emergent strategy is**

Points: **10**

**Question** An emergent strategy is

**Answer**  the result of a planned strategy.  
 an unplanned response to unforeseen circumstances.  
 the product of careful top-down planning mechanisms.  
 the same as a realized strategy.  
 a group response to a problem area.

**10. Multiple Choice: An important first step in the proces...**

Points: **10**

**Question** An important first step in the process of formulating a company's mission is to

**Answer**  describe the technological processor.  
 identify the customer segment served by the company.  
 answer the question, "What is our business?"  
 decide what the company will be like ten years from now.  
 evaluate the company's most recent performance.

**11. Multiple Choice: At the law offices of Hughes & Hu...**

Points: **10**

**Question** At the law offices of Hughes & Hughes, employees are encouraged to recycle cups used at the water cooler and turn off office lights when not in use. John Hughes, the owner and manager of the firm, leads by example and often completes his paperwork using natural light. John utilizes which of the following characteristics of good business leaders?

**Answer**  Vision  
 Commitment  
 Eloquence  
 Articulation of the business model  
 Emotional intelligence

12. Multiple Choice: Between 2005 and 2011, Blue Drink Com...

Points: 10

**Question** Between 2005 and 2011, Blue Drink Company increased its net profit from \$5 million to \$25 million. It was able to do this by expanding its product line to include a wider variety of drink flavors as well as introducing a low-calorie line. The \$20 million increase in net profit between 2005 and 2011 can be referred to as which of the following?

**Answer**

- Emergent strategy
- Shareholder value
- Profit growth
- Profitability turnover
- Risk capital

 13. Essay: Describe at least three characteristi...

Points: 10

**Question** Describe at least three characteristics of strong strategic leaders. Explain how each of the three characteristics would help motivate and lead an organization's personnel.

**Answer** Strong leaders have a clear vision of where they want the organization to go, and they are eloquent and consistent in articulating that vision. This ensures that employees understand the fundamental goals they are working toward, guiding them as they make decisions about their daily work.

Strong leaders are committed to accomplishment of the organization's goals, and they demonstrate their commitment through their actions as well as their words. By observing their leader's commitment directly in their actions, employees believe that the goals are truly important, and they also benefit from seeing the appropriate behavior modeled for them.

Strong leaders are well informed and seek out information through both formal and informal channels. Employees see that leaders value their input; they also respect leaders who are able to communicate well with individuals at different hierarchical levels.

Strong leaders delegate when possible but maintain control over critical decisions. Workers are motivated by decision-making power and are able to reduce the workload of their leaders when they are empowered. However, strong leaders understand that critical decisions must be made by leaders. This is best for the organization, and it also protects lower-level workers from the consequences of disastrous choices.

Strong leaders use power effectively, building consensus, relying on allies, committing to a vision rather than a specific course of action, and working to accomplish large goals one portion at a time. Workers are loyal when they are consulted and relied on. Politically astute leaders do not fall into the trap of advocating an action that might later be abandoned, nor do they try to make too many changes at once.

Strong leaders have emotional intelligence— that is, they are self-aware, self-regulated, passionate about their work, empathetic toward others, and friendly. Workers have respect and trust for leaders who exhibit self-control. Workers are inspired by observing another's passion for the work, and they appreciate being treated with empathy and friendliness.

 14. Essay: Describe at least three of the cognit...

Points: 10

**Question** Describe at least three of the cognitive biases that individual decision makers experience. Then describe a real or hypothetical situation for each of the three biases, explaining how the bias is evident in the situation.

**Answer** The prior hypothesis bias claims that individuals formulate and use theories about causation, which they sometimes use inappropriately or in spite of evidence that the theory is false. For example, managers for U.S. automakers in the 1960s and 1970s believed that Americans bought cars for the luxury features and styling, and therefore they completely missed the trend toward cars that were more reliable, safer, and fuel efficient. Japanese automakers saw the trends and were able to fill that demand first.

Escalating commitment causes managers to continue to "throw good money after bad," to invest in projects that are failing. This takes resources away from successful projects. Students exhibit this bias when they work harder to raise their class grade from a D to a C than they will work to raise their grade from a B to an A, even though both improvements have the same impact on their overall grade average.

Managers use reasoning by analogy when they inappropriately make decisions based on simple analogies. For example, some managers use war as a metaphor for business competition. However, this analogy limits their ability to consider options such as cooperation in joint ventures.

The representative bias asserts that decision makers make choices based on overreliance on just a few or even just one data point. Managers who have had one extremely positive or negative occurrence tend to remember and rely on that occurrence when they make future decisions. If a gambler gets very lucky the first time he wagers, he tends to wager greater amounts and more often than do gamblers who are initially very unlucky.

Illusion of control occurs when managers are overconfident about their abilities to control events. Managers who take on projects that are beyond their capabilities or who refuse to admit that they need help are guilty of this bias.

 15. Multiple Choice: Devil's advocacy

Points: 10

**Question** Devil's advocacy

**Answer** is simpler than the expert approach.

is an example of ivory tower planning.

results in unproductive conflict.

involves one group member being responsible for questioning the assumptions of a plan.

results in a final plan that is a combination of a plan and a counterplan.

16. Essay: Differentiate between general and fun...

Points: 10

**Question** Differentiate between general and functional managers. Provide an example of each from your college or university.

**Answer** General managers bear responsibilities for the overall performance of the company or one of its major self-contained subunit or division whereas functional managers are responsible for supervising a particular function, that is a task, activity or operation. In a college or a university setting, a President would be a general manager where as Director of Admissions or VP of Student or Finance would be an example of a functional manager.

17. Multiple Choice: Edward Wrapp's ideas about the a...

Points: 10

**Question** Edward Wrapp's ideas about the astuteness of political power suggest that successful strategic managers

**Answer**  are skilled organizational politicians who can build consensus and get their ideas pushed through.

are unwilling to live with less than total acceptance of their programs.

maintain tight control over as many decisions as possible.

publicly commit themselves to bold strategic agendas.

recognize the futility of pursuing intended strategies.

18. True/False: Emergent strategies arise in a compan...

Points: 10

**Question** Emergent strategies arise in a company with careful long-term planning.

**Answer**  True  
 False

19. Essay: Explain the formal strategic planning...

Points: 10

**Question** Explain the formal strategic planning process. Name each step in the process and describe the specific activities included in each step and the relationship between the steps.

**Answer** The strategy formulation portion of the formal strategic planning process begins with the specification of an organization's mission, values, and goals. In this step, top-level managers, members of the board of directors, and the company's CEO meet and work together to create a broad set of long-term aspirations for the firm, a set of corporate values that describes the way employees should conduct business, and the long-term goals of the corporation.

Next, an external and internal analysis is conducted to identify strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats. This analysis is typically performed by general managers, sometimes by specialized planning staff. In this step, information about competitors, products, processes, functions, and the industry and community conditions is gathered and interpreted, resulting in detailed forecasts and estimates.

Based on the results of these first two steps, appropriate strategies are chosen, at the corporate, business, and functional levels, by the managers at each of those levels. In this step, decisions are made about actions to be taken in the future.

20. Multiple Choice: Feelings of personal responsibility f...

Points: 10

**Question** Feelings of personal responsibility for a project are most likely to lead to

**Answer**  prior hypothesis biases.

escalating commitment.

reasoning by analogy.

representativeness.

ivory tower planning.

21. True/False: Fortunately, the concepts vision and ...

Points: 10

**Question** Fortunately, the concepts *vision* and *mission* can be used interchangeably.

**Answer**  True  
 False

22. Multiple Choice: Functional managers

Points: 10

Question Functional managers

Answer

are responsible for the specific business functions or operations that constitute a company or one of its divisions.

look at the overall picture of a corporation.

have no strategic role.

formulate generic strategies.

execute business-level decisions.

 23. Multiple Choice: General managers are found

Points: 10

Question General managers are found

Answer

only at the corporate level.

only at the business level.

only at the functional and business levels.

at the functional, business, and corporate levels.

only at the corporate and business levels.

 24. True/False: General managers bear responsibility ...

Points: 10

Question General managers bear responsibility for the overall performance of the company or for one of its major self-contained subunits or divisions.

Answer

True

False

 25. True/False: Given that they are developed through...

Points: 10

Question Given that they are developed through years of experience, rules of thumb rarely if ever lead to severe errors in the decision making process.

Answer

True

False

 26. Multiple Choice: Good strategic leaders

Points: 10

Question Good strategic leaders

Answer

possess a willingness to delegate and empower subordinates.

control all facets of decision making.

are confident in their ability to make sound decisions without consulting others.

assure uniformity of purpose through the exercise of power.

have the ability to be inconsistent when the situation requires inconsistency.

 27. Multiple Choice: Holly owns a landscape company and is...

Points: 10

Question Holly owns a landscape company and is thinking about expanding her services to include outdoor water features (waterfalls, streams, ponds). If, before making this decision, she looks at the experience of similar firms that have added outdoor water features, she is employing

Answer

wishful thinking.

aqua-evaluation.

devil's advocacy.

outside view.

dialectic inquiry.

 28. True/False: Honda redefined the U.S. motorcycle i...

Points: 10

**Question** Honda redefined the U.S. motorcycle industry with a brilliantly conceived intended strategy.

**Answer** True  
 False

**29. Essay: Identify and discuss the criticisms o...**

Points: **10**

**Question** Identify and discuss the criticisms of the traditional strategic planning process and why it is useful to view strategy as an emergent process.

**Answer** The traditional planning process is viewed as a rational, highly structured process that is orchestrated by top management. This view of the strategy process has been criticized for a number of reasons. First, the world is uncertain, complex, and full of ambiguity, and it is an environment in which small, chance events can have a large and unpredictable impact on outcomes; thus, plans can become obsolete in a short amount of time. In this environment, it is critical that organizations respond quickly as conditions change.

A second criticism of the traditional approach is that it places too much importance on the role of top management. The alternative view is that managers deep within an organization often do exert a profound influence over the strategic direction of the firm. The traditional model does not allow for the important strategic role that lower-level managers can play.

The third criticism of the traditional model is that it does not address serendipity— the stumbling across good things accidentally. Because serendipitous discoveries can yield numerous opportunities, companies must be able to pursue them, even if they are inconsistent with the current strategic plan.

Given these three criticisms, the role of emergent strategies becomes clear. Unplanned responses to unforeseen circumstances that often arise from autonomous action by individual managers deep within the organization can allow a company to prosper.

**30. Essay: Identify the levels of strategic mana...**

Points: **10**

**Question** Identify the levels of strategic managers and discuss their role in the strategic management process.

**Answer** The three levels of strategic managers are corporate, business, and functional. Corporate-level managers include the CEO, other senior executives, the board of directors, and corporate staff. The role of corporate-level managers is to oversee the development of strategies for the whole organization, including which businesses it should be in and how resources should be allocated among these businesses.

Business-level managers oversee business units— a self-contained division of a company with its own functions that are performed within the unit. The role of business-level managers is to translate the general statements of direction and intent that come from corporate-level managers into concrete strategies for individual businesses.

Functional-level managers are responsible for the specific business functions or operations that constitute a company or one of its divisions. These managers are generally responsible for one organizational activity. Their strategic role is to develop functional strategies in their area that help fulfill the strategic objectives set by business- and corporate-level managers.

**31. Essay: Illustrate the main components of str...**

Points: **10**

**Question** Illustrate the main components of strategic planning process in a visual diagram.

**Answer** Please see Figure 1.5 in the chapter.

**32. True/False: In practice, the strategies of most o...**

Points: **10**

**Question** In practice, the strategies of most organizations are probably a combination of the intended and emergent strategies.

**Answer**  True  
 False

**33. Multiple Choice: In the typical scenario planning exer...**

Points: **10**

**Question** In the typical scenario planning exercise,

**Answer**

- most scenarios are pessimistic.
- most scenarios are optimistic.
- some scenarios are optimistic and some scenarios are pessimistic.
- only worst-case outcomes should be considered.
- only best-case outcomes should be considered.

**34. Multiple Choice: Jeffrey Pfeffer believes that a manag...**

Points: **10**

**Question** Jeffrey Pfeffer believes that a manager's political power comes from his or her control over

**Answer** employees' paychecks.

the firm's strategic vision.

important organizational resources.

internal communication channels.

the company's website.

35. Multiple Choice: Julie is the marketing manager at Mou...

Points: 10

**Question** Julie is the marketing manager at Mountain Productions, Inc. When Sarah, one of her subordinates, told Julie that her father had passed away, Julie felt sympathy for Sarah because she could relate to what she was experiencing; Julie had lost her father 6 months prior. Julie felt \_\_\_\_\_ for Sarah.

**Answer**

an availability error

self-awareness

self-regulation

motivation

empathy

36. Multiple Choice: Louis is a human resources manager at...

Points: 10

**Question** Louis is a human resources manager at XYZ Company. He is responsible for hiring, retaining, and compensating employees. Louis can best be described as a(n)

**Answer**

business-level manager.

functional-level manager.

corporate-level manager.

top-level manager.

Chairman of the Board.

37. Multiple Choice: Maximizing shareholder value is

Points: 10

**Question** Maximizing shareholder value is

**Answer**

a byproduct of a company's cost reduction programs.

not generally a viable goal for a company.

not the responsibility of a company's managers.

the ultimate goal of profit-making companies.

not required to attract risk capital.

38. True/False: Mintzberg's model suggests a com...

Points: 10

**Question** Mintzberg's model suggests a company's realized strategy is the product of whatever strategies are actually put into action—intended and emergent.

**Answer**

True

False

39. Multiple Choice: More people seem to fear a snake bite...

Points: 10

**Question** More people seem to fear a snake bite than a dog bite, and yet statistically one is more likely to be bitten by a dog than by a snake. This represents which of the following cognitive biases?

**Answer**

Escalating commitment

Hypothesis bias

Availability error

Representativeness

Illusion of control

40. True/False: One of the factors that distinguishes...

Points: 10

**Question**

One of the factors that distinguishes organizations in the nonprofit sector from for-profit businesses is the lack of concern for strategic management.

Answer  
 True  
 False

41. Multiple Choice: Profit growth is best measured

Points: 10

Question Profit growth is best measured

Answer  
 by the increase in share price.  
 by the return on investment.  
 by the increase in net sales.  
 over time.  
 by increases in liquidity.

42. True/False: ROIC is a measure of how efficiently ...

Points: 10

Question ROIC is a measure of how efficiently and effectively managers use the capital at their disposal to produce profitability.

Answer  
 True  
 False

43. True/False: Research finds that leaders who exhib...

Points: 10

Question Research finds that leaders who exhibit a high degree of emotional intelligence tend to be significantly less effective than those who do not.

Answer  
 True  
 False

44. Multiple Choice: Roza Munoz is the head of Maxwell Hou...

Points: 10

Question Roza Munoz is the head of Maxwell House Coffee, a division of the Kraft Foods Company. Which of the following is *not* likely to be one of Ms. Munoz's responsibilities?

Answer  
 Turning corporate-level strategy into action  
 Defining Kraft Food's mission  
 Deciding how to compete in the coffee industry  
 Supervising functional-level managers  
 Developing a business-level strategy

45. True/False: SWOT analysis concerns identifying st...

Points: 10

Question SWOT analysis concerns identifying strengths, weaknesses, options, and threats.

Answer  
 True  
 False

46. True/False: SWOT analysis is implemented to fine-...

Points: 10

Question SWOT analysis is implemented to fine-tune strategies.

Answer  
 True  
 False

47. Multiple Choice: Sam Walton wanted Walmart to keep cos...

Points: 10

Question Sam Walton wanted Walmart to keep costs low. Therefore, as an example to others, he drove his own car and furnished his office with plain, steel desks. In this case, Mr. Walton was displaying his

Answer  
 commitment.  
 ego.  
 astute use of power.  
 emotional intelligence.  
 eloquence.

48. Multiple Choice: Scenario-based planning is a techniqu...

Points: 10

Question Scenario-based planning is a technique for coping with the problem of

Answer

- uncertainty.
- planning equilibrium.
- bottom-up planning.
- strategic fit.
- cognitive bias.

49. Multiple Choice: Strategic implementation involves

Points: 10

Question Strategic implementation involves

Answer

- taking actions at the functional, business, and corporate levels.
- comparing company performance with leading companies in the industry.
- analyzing the macroenvironment for any last-minute changes that may have occurred.
- only activities at the corporate level.
- all of these choices.

50. Multiple Choice: Strategic leadership is about

Points: 10

Question Strategic leadership is about

Answer

- strategy formulation.
- strategy implementation.
- how to effectively manage a company's strategy and create competitive advantage.
- establishing effective contract processes.
- reducing a company's operating costs.

51. True/False: Strategic leadership is concerned wit...

Points: 10

Question Strategic leadership is concerned with how to most effectively manage a company's strategy-making process to create competitive advantage.

Answer

- True
- False

52. Multiple Choice: Strategy formulation refers to the

Points: 10

Question Strategy formulation refers to the

Answer

- task of designing organizational structures and control systems.
- process by which strategies are put into action.
- top-down planning process that gives rise to the implementation of emergent strategies.
- task of analyzing an organization's external and internal environment and then selecting an appropriate strategy.
- process of choosing a realized strategy.

53. Multiple Choice: Systematic errors in the decision-mak...

Points: 10

Question Systematic errors in the decision-making process are caused by

Answer

- inadequate information.
- information overload.
- cognitive biases on the part of decision makers.
- poor data collection procedures.
- all of these choices.

54. Multiple Choice: The American Red Cross, the Ford Foun...

Points: 10

**Question** The American Red Cross, the Ford Foundation, and the American Civil Liberties Union can all be classified as

**Answer**

groups involved in civil rights.

nonprofit enterprises.

enterprises for profit.

cash cows.

ROICs.

 55. True/False: The CEO is a company's principal...

Points: 10

**Question** The CEO is a company's principal general manager.

**Answer**

True

False

 56. True/False: The feedback loop in the model of the...

Points: 10

**Question** The feedback loop in the model of the strategic management process indicates that the process is ongoing; it never ends.

**Answer**

True

False

 57. True/False: The final component of the strategic ...

Points: 10

**Question** The final component of the strategic management process is crafting the organization's mission statement, which provides the framework or context within which strategies are formulated.

**Answer**

True

False

 58. Multiple Choice: The first step in the strategic manag...

Points: 10

**Question** The first step in the strategic management process is

**Answer**

defining the mission and major goals of the organization.

analyzing the macroenvironment.

analyzing the industry environment.

determining the firm's strengths and weaknesses.

deciding on a fit between the organization's strengths and weaknesses and the environment's opportunities and threats.

 59. True/False: The great virtue of scenario planning...

Points: 10

**Question** The great virtue of scenario planning is that managers must think outside the box to anticipate what they might do in different situations.

**Answer**

True

False

 60. True/False: The mission of a company lays out som...

Points: 10

**Question** The mission of a company lays out some desired future state and articulates what the company would like to achieve.

**Answer**

True

False

 61. Multiple Choice: The primary goal of a SWOT analysis i...

Points: 10

**Question** The primary goal of a SWOT analysis is to

**Answer**

benchmark a company's performance.

force managers to think creatively rather than analytically.

forecast future events.

develop short-run goals.

create, affirm, or fine-tune a company-specific business model.

**62. Multiple Choice: The principal driver(s) of shareholde...**

Points: **10**

**Question** The principal driver(s) of shareholder value is (are)

**Answer**

profitability.

profit growth.

market share.

profitability and profit growth.

all of these choices.

**63. True/False: The profit growth of a company can be...**

Points: **10**

**Question** The profit growth of a company can be measured by the increase in its stock price over time.

**Answer**

True

False

**64. Multiple Choice: The scenario approach to strategic pl...**

Points: **10**

**Question** The scenario approach to strategic planning involves

**Answer**

devising plans for coping with a number of different possible future states of the world.

homing in on a single prediction of future demand conditions using an iterative planning process.

functional managers setting key corporate objectives.

using computers to build virtual worlds for top-level managers.

making planning the exclusive domain of top-level managers.

**65. True/False: The traditional planning model sugges...**

Points: **10**

**Question** The traditional planning model suggests that a company's strategies are the result of a plan from a highly structured process orchestrated by top management.

**Answer**

True

False

**66. True/False: To increase shareholder value, manage...**

Points: **10**

**Question** To increase shareholder value, managers must pursue strategies that increase revenue and market share, whether the results are profitable or not.

**Answer**

True

False

**67. True/False: Unfortunately, values are personal an...**

Points: **10**

**Question** Unfortunately, values are personal and have little to do with organizational culture or competitive advantage.

**Answer**

True

False

**68. Multiple Choice: Vice President Chung is responsible f...**

Points: **10**

**Question** Vice President Chung is responsible for executing decisions about human resources. Ms. Chung is

**Answer**

a corporate-level general manager.

both a corporate- and business-level general manager.

a business-level general manager.

a functional manager.

a corporate-level, business-level, and functional manager.

69. True/False: Well-constructed goals provide a mean...

Points: 10

**Question** Well-constructed goals provide a means by which the performance of managers can be evaluated.

**Answer**  True  
 False

70. Multiple Choice: When Nada's boss informed her t...

Points: 10

**Question** When Nada's boss informed her that she must work this weekend, her scheduled weekend off, Nada felt furious. Instead of acting on her impulses and yelling at her boss, Nada decided to have a calm conversation with him concerning her days off. Nada utilized which of Goleman's aspects of emotional intelligence?

**Answer**

- Self-awareness
- Self-regulation
- Motivation
- Empathy
- Social skills

71. Multiple Choice: When considering emergent strategies,...

Points: 10

**Question** When considering emergent strategies, it is important for a firm's managers to

**Answer**

- ensure that the chosen strategies are the result of deliberate plans.
- ignore strategies that are not the result of a formal planning process.
- evaluate each one carefully, using only those that show the most promise.
- substitute emergent strategies for formal plans whenever possible.
- develop the emergent strategies themselves.

72. Multiple Choice: Which of the following cognitive bias...

Points: 10

**Question** Which of the following cognitive biases occurs when decision makers commit even more resources if they receive feedback that the project is failing?

**Answer**

- Prior hypothesis bias
- Reasoning by analogy
- Illusion of control
- Escalating commitment
- Representativeness

73. Multiple Choice: Which of the following cognitive bias...

Points: 10

**Question** Which of the following cognitive biases refers to the fact that decision makers who have strong prior beliefs about the relationship between two variables tend to make decisions on the basis of these beliefs, even when presented with evidence that their beliefs are wrong?

**Answer**

- Prior hypothesis bias
- Reasoning by analogy
- Illusion of control
- Escalating commitment
- Representativeness

74. Multiple Choice: Which of the following dimension(s) i...

Points: 10

**Question** Which of the following dimension(s) is (are) encompassed by a company's business model?

**Answer**

- Selecting customers
- Defining and differentiating its product offerings

Determining how it will produce goods and services

Determining how it will grow the business over time

All of these.

75. Multiple Choice: Which of the following is not a chara...

Points: 10

**Question** Which of the following is not a characteristic of emotional intelligence?

**Answer**

Self-awareness

Self-regulation

Self-esteem

Empathy

Social skills

76. Multiple Choice: Which of the following is not a chara...

Points: 10

**Question** Which of the following is *not* a characteristic of well-constructed goals?

**Answer**

They are precise and measurable.

They are the result of a group decision process.

They specify a time period.

They are challenging but realistic.

They address critical issues.

77. Multiple Choice: Which of the following is not a cogni...

Points: 10

**Question** Which of the following is *not* a cognitive bias?

**Answer**

Escalating commitment

Reasoning by analogy

Ivory tower thinking

Representativeness

Illusion of control

78. Multiple Choice: Which of the following is the organiz...

Points: 10

**Question** Which of the following is the organization's principal general manager?

**Answer**

The Board of Director

Marketing division head

CFO

CEO

Controller

79. Multiple Choice: Within a diversified company, the res...

Points: 10

**Question** Within a diversified company, the responsibilities of corporate-level strategic managers include

**Answer**

translating the corporate mission statement into concrete strategies for individual business units.

closely supervising the formulation of strategies at the functional level that support the company's business- and corporate-level strategies.

allocating resources to functions within business units.

overseeing the development of strategies for the total organization and allocating resources among its different business areas.

identifying and establishing relationships with supplier firms.

Points: 10

80. Multiple Choice: Zappos.com executives have aligned th...

Question

Zappos.com executives have aligned the entire organization around one purpose: "to provide the best customer service possible." This statement can best be described as which of the following?

Answer

The company's emergent strategy

The company's corporate structure

The company's HR strategy

The company's mission

The company's vision

Select: All None Select by Type:

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