

MULTIPLE CHOICE

1. An acute illness is:
- A sudden illness from which a person is expected to recover.
 - An ongoing illness for which there is no known cure.
 - An illness that is slow or gradual in onset.
 - An illness for which there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

ANS: A REF: p. 2

2. An ongoing illness that is slow or gradual in onset and for which there is no known cure is:
- An acute illness
 - A chronic illness
 - A terminal illness
 - A physical illness

ANS: B REF: p. 2

3. A nursing pattern that brings services from departments to the bedside is:
- Primary nursing
 - Team nursing
 - Patient-focused care
 - Case management

ANS: C REF: p. 8

4. Functional nursing is:
- A nursing care pattern focusing on tasks and jobs
 - A nursing care pattern in which an RN is responsible for the person's total care
 - When a team of nursing staff is led by an RN who decides the amount and kind of care each person needs
 - When services are moved from departments to the bedside.

ANS: A REF: p. 8

5. An RN is responsible for the person's total care. This is:
- Team nursing
 - Primary nursing
 - Functional nursing
 - Patient-focused care

ANS: B REF: p. 8

6. Persons living in long-term care centers are called
- Patients
 - Clients
 - Residents
 - Individuals

ANS: C REF: p. 3

7. RNs do which of the following?
- Write doctor's orders.
 - Delegate to LPNs/LVNs.
 - Decide which type of facility the person needs.
 - Prescribe treatments for the person.

ANS: B REF: p. 7

8. Which is a purpose of health care?
- Health promotion
 - Providing sources of income for residents
 - Deciding which procedures will be paid for
 - Training nursing assistants and other students

ANS: A REF: p. 2

9. Who is responsible for the entire nursing staff?
- Nurse manager
 - Charge nurse
 - Staff nurse
 - Director of nursing

ANS: D REF: p. 6

10. An assisted living residence
- Provides three meals a day and housekeeping and laundry services
 - Is for persons with terminal illnesses
 - Provides complex, ongoing rehabilitation
 - Is for persons with chronic mental illness
- ANS: A REF: p. 3
11. Assisted living residences provide which of the following?
- Housing
 - Help with finances
 - Complex medical care
 - Terminal illnesses
- ANS: A REF: p. 3
12. These individuals give basic nursing care under the supervision of a licensed nurse:
- Nurse practitioners
 - Social workers
 - Nursing assistants
 - Medical technologists
- ANS: C REF: p. 8
13. The director of nursing (DON) is a(n) _____
- LPN/LVN
 - RN
 - PT
 - OT
- ANS: B REF: p. 6
14. The nursing team involves which of the following?
- Physicians
 - Pharmacists
 - LPNs
 - Occupational therapists
- ANS: C REF: p. 7
15. Nursing assistants may report to which of the following?
- An RN
 - A physician
 - An occupational therapist
 - Another nursing assistant
- ANS: A REF: p. 6
16. Nursing assistants may report to which of the following?
- An LPN/LVN
 - The medical director
 - A physical therapist
 - A physician's assistant
- ANS: A REF: p. 4
17. Who assesses, makes nursing diagnoses, plans, implements, and evaluates nursing care?
- RNs
 - LPNs
 - Nursing assistants
 - Case managers
- ANS: A REF: p. 6
18. Which member of the health team assists persons to learn skills needed for daily living?
- Occupational therapist
 - Pharmacist
 - Radiographer
 - Homemaker
- ANS: A REF: p. 6
19. As a nursing assistant, you are a part of
- The nursing team
 - The board of trustees
 - The case management team
 - The prospective payment system
- ANS: A REF: p. 7

20. Who assesses and plans for the nutritional needs of patients and residents?
- The RN
 - The dietitian
 - The pharmacist
 - The doctor
- ANS: B REF: p. 5
21. LPNs/LVNs are supervised by
- Doctors, dentists, and RNs
 - Physical therapists and occupational therapists
 - Agency administrators
 - Social workers, pharmacists and RNs
- ANS: A REF: p. 7
22. Who is responsible for diagnosing and treating diseases and injuries?
- The physician.
 - The nurse practitioner.
 - RNs.
 - Physician's assistant.
- ANS: A REF: p. 6
23. Who helps patients, residents, and families deal with social, emotional, and environmental issues affecting illness and recovery?
- The speech-language pathologist.
 - The podiatrist.
 - The activities director.
 - The social worker.
- ANS: D REF: p. 6
24. Who makes policies for health care agencies?
- The board of trustees
 - The health team
 - The PPO
 - Medicare and Medicaid
- ANS: A REF: p. 3
25. The goal of rehabilitation is
- To return persons to the highest possible level of physical and mental functioning
 - To reduce the risk of illness
 - To help the person make simple life-style changes
 - To do as much as possible for the person
- ANS: A REF: p. 2
26. A hospice is
- A skilled nursing facility
 - A home health care agency
 - A health care program for persons who present dangers to themselves or others
 - A health care agency or program for persons who are dying
- ANS: D REF: p. 3
27. A federal health insurance program for persons 65 years of age and older is
- Private insurance
 - Group insurance
 - An HMO
 - Medicare
- ANS: D REF: p. 8
28. Medicaid is
- A preferred provider organization
 - A private insurance plan bought by individuals
 - A federal health insurance program for persons with disabilities
 - A health care payment program jointly funded by the federal government and the states
- ANS: D REF: p. 8
29. The goal of the health team is to
- Provide quality care
 - Carry out the doctor's orders
 - Develop care plans for patients and residents
 - Follow agency policies and procedures
- ANS: A REF: p. 5

30. What must an agency have to operate and provide care?

- a. A certificate
- b. Accreditation
- c. Policies and procedures
- d. A license

ANS: D REF: p. 9

31. Accreditation for health care agencies is:

- a. A voluntary process that signals quality and excellence
- b. Required to receive Medicare and Medicaid funds
- c. A federal requirement for a health care agency to operate
- d. A process required by preferred providers

ANS: A REF: p. 9

32. You have an important role in meeting standards and in the survey process. You must do which of the following?

- a. Provide quality care.
- b. Interview patients and families.
- c. Contact the families to notify them of the survey.
- d. Avoid the site visitors.

ANS: A REF: p. 9

TRUE/FALSE

1. Rehabilitation starts when the person is discharged from the hospital.

ANS: F REF: p. 2